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ON THE ORDER OF DECREASE OF UNIFORM MODULI OF SMOOTHNESS FOR THE CLASSES OF PERIODIC FUNCTIONS

 $H_p^l[\omega]$, $l \in \mathbb{N}$, $1 \leq p < \infty$

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S. B. Stechkin posed the following problem: for given $1 \leq p < q \leq \infty$, $r \in \mathbb{Z}_+$, $l, k \in \mathbb{N}$, and $\omega \in \Omega_l(0, \pi]$, find the exact order of decrease of the $L_q(\mathbb{T})$ -modulus of smoothness of the k th order $\omega_k(f^{(r)}; \delta)_q$ on the classes of 2π -periodic functions $H_p^l[\omega] = \{f \in L_p(\mathbb{T}) : \omega_l(f; \delta)_p \leq \omega(\delta), \delta \in (0, \pi]\}$, where $\mathbb{T} = (-\pi, \pi]$, $L_\infty(\mathbb{T}) \equiv C(\mathbb{T})$, and $\Omega_l(0, \pi]$ is the class of functions $\omega = \omega(\delta)$ defined on $(0, \pi]$ and satisfying the conditions $0 < \omega(\delta) \downarrow 0$ ($\delta \downarrow 0$) and $\delta^{-l}\omega(\delta) \downarrow$ ($\delta \uparrow$). Earlier the author solved this problem in the case $1 \leq p < q < \infty$. In the present paper, we give a solution in the case $1 \leq p < q = \infty$; more exactly, we prove the following theorems.

Theorem 1. Suppose that $1 \leq p < \infty$, $f \in L_p(\mathbb{T})$, $r \in \mathbb{Z}_+$, $l, k \in \mathbb{N}$, $l > \sigma = r + 1/p$, $\rho = l - (k + \sigma)$, and $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n^{\sigma-1} \omega_l(f; \pi/n)_p < \infty$. Then f is equivalent to some function $\psi \in C^r(\mathbb{T})$ and the following bound holds: $\omega_k(\psi^{(r)}; \pi/n)_\infty \leq C_1(l, k, r, p) \left\{ \sum_{\nu=n+1}^{\infty} \nu^{\sigma-1} \omega_l(f; \pi/\nu)_p + \chi(\rho) n^{-k} \sum_{\nu=1}^n \nu^{k+\sigma-1} \omega_l(f; \pi/\nu)_p \right\}$, $n \in \mathbb{N}$, where $\chi(t) = 0$ for $t \leq 0$, $\chi(t) = 1$ for $t > 0$, and $C^r(\mathbb{T})$ is the class of functions $\psi \in C(\mathbb{T})$ that have the usual r th-order derivative $\psi^{(r)} \in C(\mathbb{T})$ (we assume that $\psi^{(0)} = \psi$ and $C^{(0)}(\mathbb{T}) = C(\mathbb{T})$).

Note that this bound covers all possible cases of relations between l and $k + r$.

Theorem 2. Suppose that $1 \leq p < \infty$, $r \in \mathbb{Z}_+$, $l, k \in \mathbb{N}$, $l > \sigma = r + 1/p$, $\rho = l - (k + \sigma)$, $\omega \in \Omega_l(0, \pi]$, and $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n^{\sigma-1} \omega(\pi/n) < \infty$. Then $\sup\{\omega_k(\psi^{(r)}; \pi/n)_\infty : f \in H_p^l[\omega]\} \asymp \sum_{\nu=n+1}^{\infty} \nu^{\sigma-1} \omega(\pi/\nu) + \chi(\rho) n^{-k} \times \sum_{\nu=1}^n \nu^{k+\sigma-1} \omega(\pi/\nu)$, $n \in \mathbb{N}$, where ψ denotes the corresponding function from $C^r(\mathbb{T})$ equivalent to $f \in H_p^l[\omega]$.

In Theorems 1 and 2, the case $l = k + \sigma = k + r + 1/p$ ($\Rightarrow \chi(\rho) = 0$) is of the most interest. This case is possible only for $p = 1$, since $r \in \mathbb{Z}_+$ and $l, k \in \mathbb{N}$. In this case, the proof of the bound in Theorem 1 employs the inequality $n^{-l} \|T_{n,1}^{(l)}(f; \cdot)\|_\infty \leq C_2(l) n \omega_{l+1}(f; \pi/n)_l$, where $T_{n,1}(f; \cdot)$ is a best approximation polynomial for the function $f \in L_1(\mathbb{T})$. The latter inequality is derived from the strengthened version of the inequality of different metrics for derivatives of arbitrary trigonometric polynomials $\|t_n^{(l)}(\cdot)\|_\infty \leq 2^{-1} \pi \|t_n^{(l+1)}(\cdot)\|_1$, $n \in \mathbb{N}$.

Keywords: modulus of smoothness, best approximation, inequality between moduli of smoothness of different orders in different metrics, exact order of decrease for uniform moduli of smoothness on a class.

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